PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

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From the	+	
INTERNATIONAL	SEARCHING	AUTHORIT

To:		

see form PCT/ISA/220

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

(PCT Rule 43bis.1)

Date of mailing

(day/month/year) see form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet)

Applicant's or agent's file reference see form PCT/ISA/220

FOR FURTHER ACTION

See paragraph 2 below

International application No. PCT/US2005/006108

International filing date (day/month/year)

24.02.2005

Priority date (day/month/year)

24.02.2004

International Patent Classification (IPC) or both national classification and IPC

A61K48/00, A61K38/17, A61P35/00

Applicant

INTROGEN THERAPEUTICS, INC.

This opinion contains indications relating to the following items:

Basis of the opinion ☑ Box No. I

Priority Box No. II

Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability Box No. III

☐ Box No. IV Lack of unity of invention

Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Certain documents cited ☐ Box No. VI

☐ Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application

☐ Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application

FURTHER ACTION

☑ Box No. V

If a demand for international preliminary examination is made, this opinion will usually be considered to be a written opinion of the International Preliminary Examining Authority ("IPEA"). However, this does not apply where the applicant chooses an Authority other than this one to be the IPEA and the chosen IPEA has notifed the International Bureau under Rule 66.1 bis(b) that written opinions of this International Searching Authority will not be so considered.

If this opinion is, as provided above, considered to be a written opinion of the IPEA, the applicant is invited to submit to the IPEA a written reply together, where appropriate, with amendments, before the expiration of three months from the date of mailing of Form PCT/ISA/220 or before the expiration of 22 months from the priority date, whichever expires later.

For further options, see Form PCT/ISA/220.

For further details, see notes to Form PCT/ISA/220.

Name and mailing address of the ISA:

Authorized Officer

European Patent Office - P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL-2280 HV Rijswijk - Pays Bas Tel. +31 70 340 - 2040 Tx: 31 651 epo nl Fax: +31 70 340 - 3016

Sitch, W

-Telephone No. +31 70 340-3040



WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No. PCT/US2005/006108

_	Box N	
1.	the lan	gard to the language , this opinion has been established on the basis of the international application in guage in which it was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.
	la: (u	is opinion has been established on the basis of a translation from the original language into the following nguage , which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search nder Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)).
2.	With re	egard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application and sary to the claimed invention, this opinion has been established on the basis of:
	a. type	of material:
		a sequence listing
		table(s) related to the sequence listing
	b. form	nat of material:
		in written format
		in computer readable form
	c. time	e of filing/furnishing:
		contained in the international application as filed.
		filed together with the international application in computer readable form.
		furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search.
3	ľ	n addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table relating theret has been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional sopies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as appropriate, were furnished.
4	I. Addit	ional comments:
•	Вох	No. II Priority
•	1	The validity of the priority claim has not been considered because the International Searching Authority closes not have in its possession a copy of the earlier application whose priority has been claimed or, where required, a translation of that earlier application. This opinion has nevertheless been established on the assumption that the relevant date (Rules 43 <i>bis</i> .1 and 64.1) is the claimed priority date.
		This opinion has been established as if no priority had been claimed due to the fact that the priority claim has been found invalid (Rules 43 <i>bis</i> .1 and 64.1). Thus for the purposes of this opinion, the international filing date indicated above is considered to be the relevant date.
	3. Addi	tional observations, if necessary:

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No. PCT/US2005/006108

Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability					
The obvi	questions whether the claimed ious), or to be industrially applica	nven Ible h	tion appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non nave not been examined in respect of:		
	☐ the entire international application,				
×	claims Nos. 1-30 with respect to industrial applicablity				
because:					
Ø	the said international application, or the said claims Nos. 1-30 with respect to industrial applicability relate to the following subject matter which does not require an international preliminary examination (specify):				
	see separate sheet				
	the description, claims or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. are so unclear that no meaningful opinion could be formed (specify):				
	the claims, or said claims Nos. are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinion could be formed.				
	no international search report has been established for the whole application or for said claims Nos.				
	the standard provided for in Annex				
	the written form		has not been furnished		
			does not comply with the standard		
	the computer readable form		has not been furnished		
			does not comply with the standard		
	the tables related to the nucleonot comply with the technical r	otide equir	and/or amino acid sequence listing, if in computer readable form only, do rements provided for in Annex C-bis of the Administrative Instructions.		
×	See separate sheet for further	deta	ils		

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(l) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

6, 7, 11, 13-28

No: Claims

1-5, 8-10, 12, 29, 30

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

None 1-30

No: Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

Re Item III

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Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability

- 1. Claims 1-30 relate to subject-matter considered by this Authority to be covered by the provisions of Rule 67.1(iv) PCT. Consequently, no opinion will be formulated with respect to the industrial applicability of the subject-matter of these claims (Article 34(4)(a)(l) PCT). However, an international search report based on the alleged effects of the products / compositions in question has been established for such claims since their subject matter can readily and in a straightforward manner be understood in terms of these effects. Accordingly, an opinion on novelty and inventive step of the subject matter of these claims is also now given in as far as relating to the alleged effects of the products / compositions in question (see PCT Rule 33.3(b) and 66.1(a)).
- 2. Following from the above, claim 1 has been interpreted as being directed to essentially the effects of a combination of a nucleic acid encoding p53 and a source of radiotherapy or chemotherapy in treating a recurrent cancer in a patient in whom a prior surgical, radiotherapeutic or chemotherapeutic treatment for the cancer has been performed. A similar interpretation mutatis mutandis has been given to the subject matter of claims 2-30 dependent on claim 1.

Re Item V

Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: J. Clin. Oncol. 18, 2000, 609-622

D2: Cancer Gene Therapy, 9, 2000, 567-572

D3: BIOSIS PREV199799548911

D4: BIOSIS PREV199799596956

D5: Clinical Cancer Research, 4, 1998, 835-846

D6: Cancer Chemother Pharmacol., 1999, 44, 143-151

D7: Proc. Am. Assoc. Can. Res. Ann. Meet., vol. 40, 1999, 596

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

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International application No.

PCT/US2005/006108

Attention is drawn in particular to all passages of these documents as indicated on the International Search Report, unless stated otherwise.

D1: Patients with non-small cell lung cancer, some with prior platinum based therapy, cisplatin at day 1, Ad-53 at day four. Evidence of clinical activity

D2: Ad-p53 delivered in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin/paclitaxel, effects on various cancers, eg ovarian; patients had previously received platinum treatment

D3: JSQ-3 is a squamous cell carcinoma of head and neck, radiation resistant cell line, having a mutant p53 gene. JSQ-3 based mouse xenograft tumours as in vivo tumour model, enhanced tumour regression with radiotherapy when performed in combination with Ad-p53 vector delivery

D4: Introduction of p53 gene into squamous cell carcinoma of head and neck via Ad vector, xenografted in mice, presence of p53 sensitises tumour to radiation (ie enhanced cell killing)

D5: Ad-p53 gene transfer studies in vitro and in vivo. In SHNCC model (SCC-15 cell based tumours), combination therapy with 5 FU and vector achieved greater antitumour activity then entities used alone (unclear as to order of use)

D6: SCID mice with various tumour models, eg ovarian. Delivery of Ad-p53 and paclitaxel, effect synergistic in comparison with entities delivered alone

D7: Lung carcinoma mouse xenograft having mutated p53 gene, delivery thereto of wild type p53 via Adenovirus vector, restoration of apoptosis mediated chemosensitivity. Paper also proposes use of ligand-liposome based p53 gene delivery to overcome limitations of Ad vectors in p53 gene delivery, indicating use of the same sensitises inter alia head and neck tumour cells in vivo to chemotherapeutic agents. Likely use in treating primary tumours, and also metastases and recurrent tumours.

1. Novelty (Art. 33(2) PCT and Inventive Step (Art. 33(3) PCT)

An opinion on novelty and inventive step is now given for the subject matter of the claims interpreted in the way indicated under Item III.

In light of the prior art as analysed hereinabove, the subject matter of claim 1 lacks novelty over D1, D2. Over the other prior art claim 1 lacks inventive step: assuming the difference between claim 1 and their subject matter residing in the nature of the patient to be treated (claim 1, **one in which a prior** surgical, radiotherapeutic or chemotherapeutic treatment for the cancer has been performed), inter alia since the skilled person would immediately

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

International application No.

PCT/US2005/006108

choose such patients as candidates to be further treated by a therapeutic regimen, realising that such patients had been unsuccessfully treated by the therapeutic regimen previously carried out, the skilled person would then arrive at the subject matter of claim 1 as a matter of routine and without the exercising of inventive skill. It is in addition to be noted that should novelty of the subject matter under consideration possibly be acknowledged by virtue of any technical feature relating to the order in which p53 nucleic acid and chemotherapy / radiotherapy is administered (ie vector followed by chemotherapy / radiotherapy), this subject matter would in any case lack inventive step since the benefits of choosing such an order of administration (namely sensitisation to in particular the chemotherapeutic agent by previously delivered p53 gene) is known from for example D7.

Over the prior art cited, the subject matter of claims 2-30 in addition either lacks novelty, or if novel, lacks inventive step since the claimed subject matter would be derived by the skilled person starting from the prior art cited as a matter of routine in the field concerned.

2. For the assessment of the present claims 1-30 on the question whether they are industrially applicable, no unified criteria exist in the PCT Contracting States. The patentability can also be dependent upon the formulation of the claims. The EPO, for example, does not recognize as industrially applicable the subject-matter of claims to the use of a compound in medical treatment, but may allow, however, claims to a known compound for first use in medical treatment and the use of such a compound for the manufacture of a medicament for a new medical treatment.